

## 高微第十四週作業

**<u>Rudin</u>**: p.138 # 1, 2, 8.

## Extra problems :

1. Suppose that 
$$f: R \to R$$
 and  $g: R \to R$  are differentiable, and that  

$$\begin{cases} f'(x) = g(x) \text{ and } g'(x) = -f(x) \text{ for all } x \in R \\ f(0) = 0 \text{ and } g(0) = 1 \end{cases}$$

Prove that  $[f(x)]^2 + [g(x)]^2 = 1, \forall x \in \mathbb{R}.$ 

- 2. Let  $n \in N$  and  $f:(a,b) \to R$ . Suppose that  $f^{(n+1)}$  exists and is continuous on (*a*,*b*) and suppose that  $f^{(k)}(x_0) = 0$  where  $x_0 \in (a,b), \forall 1 \le k \le n$ . Prove that
  - (a) If n+1 is even and  $f^{(n+1)}(x_0) > 0$ , then  $f(x_0)$  is a local minimum.
  - (b) If n+1 is even and  $f^{(n+1)}(x_0) < 0$ , then  $f(x_0)$  is a local maximum.
  - (c) If n+1 is odd and  $f^{(n+1)}(x_0) \neq 0$ , then  $f(x_0)$  is neither a local minimum nor a local maximum.

3. Let 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 1, \\ 2, & \text{if } 1 < x \le 2. \end{cases}$$
  
 $\alpha_1(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 1, \\ 2, & \text{if } 1 < x \le 2. \end{cases}$  and  $\alpha_2(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } 0 \le x < 1, \\ 2, & \text{if } 1 \le x \le 2. \end{cases}$ 

(a) Is  $f \in \mathscr{R}(\alpha_1)$  on [0,2]? (b) Is  $f \in \mathscr{R}(\alpha_2)$  on [0,2]?

