

Stewart Calculus ET 5e 0534393217; 3. Differentiation Rules; 3.5 The Chain Rule

$$40. y = \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{2} (x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}})^{-1/2} \left[1 + \frac{1}{2} (x + \sqrt{x})^{-1/2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2} \right) \right]$$

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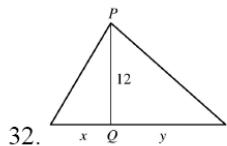
$$37. y = \frac{\sin^2 x \tan^4 x}{(x^2 + 1)^2} \Rightarrow \ln y = \ln(\sin^2 x \tan^4 x) - \ln(x^2 + 1)^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$\ln y = \ln(\sin x)^2 + \ln(\tan x)^4 - \ln(x^2 + 1)^2 \Rightarrow \ln y = 2\ln|\sin x| + 4\ln|\tan x| - 2\ln(x^2 + 1) \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{1}{y} y' = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{\sin x} \cdot \cos x + 4 \cdot \frac{1}{\tan x} \cdot \sec^2 x - 2 \cdot \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} \cdot 2x \Rightarrow$$

$$y' = \frac{\sin^2 x \tan^4 x}{(x^2 + 1)^2} \left(2\cot x + \frac{4\sec^2 x}{\tan x} - \frac{4x}{x^2 + 1} \right)$$

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Using Q for the origin, we are given $\frac{dx}{dt} = -2$ ft / s and need to find $\frac{dy}{dt}$ when $x = -5$. Using the Pythagorean Theorem twice, we have $\sqrt{x^2 + 12^2} + \sqrt{y^2 + 12^2} = 39$, the total length of the rope. Differentiating with respect to t , we get $\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 12^2}} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{y}{\sqrt{y^2 + 12^2}} \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$, so

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -\frac{x\sqrt{y^2 + 12^2}}{y\sqrt{x^2 + 12^2}} \frac{dx}{dt}$$

Now when $x = -5$, $39 = \sqrt{(-5)^2 + 12^2} + \sqrt{y^2 + 12^2} = 13 + \sqrt{y^2 + 12^2} \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{y^2 + 12^2} = 26$, and $y = \sqrt{26^2 - 12^2} = \sqrt{532}$. So when $x = -5$, $\frac{dy}{dt} = -\frac{(-5)(26)}{\sqrt{532}(13)}(-2) = -\frac{10}{\sqrt{133}} \approx -0.87$ ft / s. So cart B is moving towards Q at about 0.87 ft / s.