## Hw4

The following system is used in the first three problems.



- 1. Consider the following sampling rate conversion system with L = 3 and M = 2.
  - (a) Find an appropriate choice of  $H(e^{j\omega})$ .
  - (b) Draw an  $X(e^{j\omega})$  of your choice and plot the corresponding  $X_e(e^{j\omega})$ .
  - (c) Plot  $Y(e^{j\omega})$  and  $Y_d(e^{j\omega})$  for the input  $X(e^{j\omega})$  in (b).
- 2. Let x(n) be a sequence obtained by sampling a music signal  $x_c(t)$  with sampling period T and there is no aliasing in sampling. Sampling rate conversion is applied on x(n) using the system in the above figure.
  - (a) Suppose we would like to listen to the music by passing  $y_d(n)$  through a D/C system. How to choose the sampling period for the D/C?
  - (b) How is the D/C output  $Y_r(j\Omega)$  related to  $X_c(j\Omega)$  in (a)?
- 3. Consider the sampling rate conversion system with M = 1.
  - (a) Find h(n) so that  $y(Ln + 1) = y(Ln + 2) = \dots = y(Ln + L 1) = x(n)$  for all n.
  - (b) Suppose L = 2. Find h(n) so that y(2n+1) = 1/2(x(n) + x(n+1)) for all n.
  - (c) For a general L, find h(n) so that the values of  $y(Ln+1), y(Ln+2), \dots, y(Ln+L-1)$  lie on the lines formed by y(Ln) and y(Ln+L).
- 4. Consider the following two systems. How is  $y_1(n)$  related to  $y_2(n)$ ?

